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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

COURTNEY MOTLEY,

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AARON D. FORD, et al.,

Plaintiff,

Defendants.

Case No. 3:20-cv-00696-MMD-WGC

ORDER

This action began with a pro se civil rights complaint filed under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by a former state prisoner. On June 10, 2021, this Court issued an order denying Plaintiff Courtney Motley's applications to proceed in forma pauperis for prisoners as moot and directing Motley to file a non-prisoner application to proceed in forma pauperis with this Court within 30 days. (ECF No. 14.) The thirty-day period has now expired, and Motley has not filed a non-prisoner application to proceed in forma pauperis, or otherwise responded to the Court's order.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal" of a case. Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of L.A., 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (affirming dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (affirming dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. See *Thompson*, 782 F.2d at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

Here, the Court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in expeditiously resolving this litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket, weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also weighs in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor—public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits—is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1424. The Court's order requiring Motley to file a non-prisoner application to proceed in forma pauperis with the Court within 30 days expressly stated: "IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, if Plaintiff fails to timely comply with this order, this case will be subject to dismissal without prejudice." (ECF No. 14 at 2.) Thus, Motley had adequate warning that dismissal would result from his noncompliance with the Court's order to file a nonprisoner application to proceed in forma pauperis within 30 days.

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## Case 3:20-cv-00696-MMD-WGC Document 15 Filed 07/20/21 Page 3 of 3

It is therefore ordered that this action is dismissed without prejudice based on Motley's failure to file a non-prisoner application to proceed *in forma pauperis* in compliance with this Court's June 10, 2021, order.

It is further ordered that the Clerk of Court will enter judgment accordingly and close the case.

DATED THIS 20th Day of July 2021.

MIRANDA M. DU

CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE